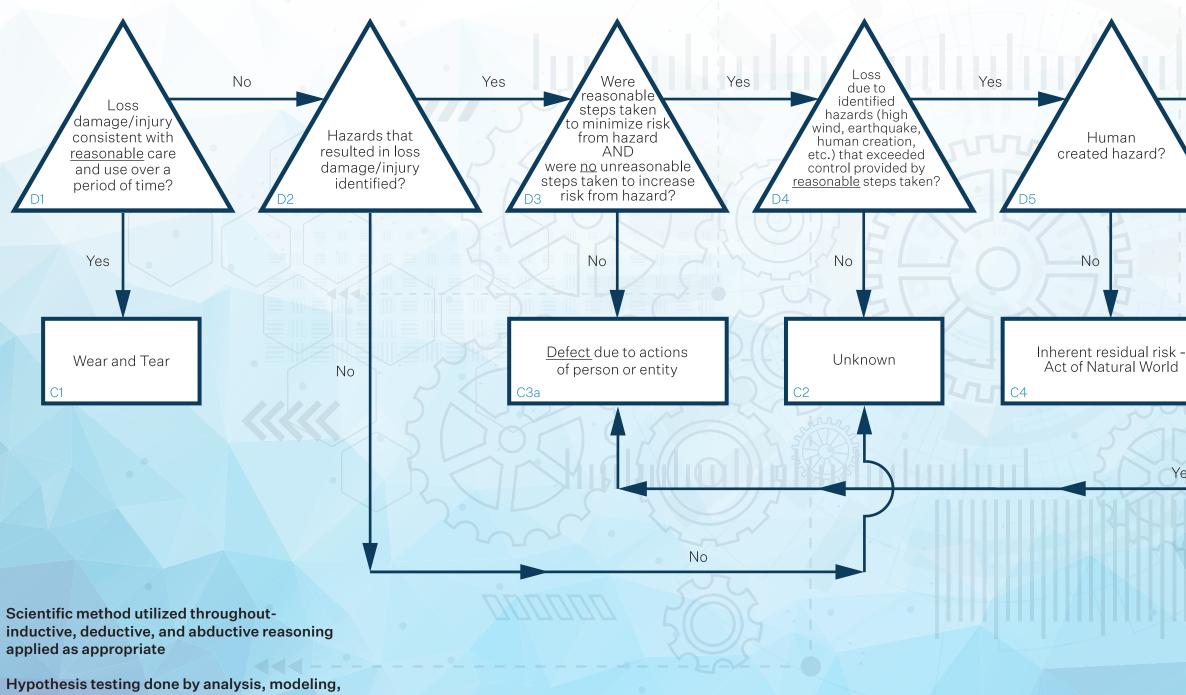
## DETERMINATION OF CAUSE METHOD



thought experiment, or physical experiment as appropriate.

## Source:

"Engineering Analysis of Failure: A Determination of Cause Method" Authors: Mark D. Russell and Tim A. Jur Journal of Failure Analysis and Prevention Available for download here: https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s11668-016-0224-9 DOI: 10.1007/s11668-016-0224-9

## Yes No Unreasonably hazardous? Benefit derived from inherent hazard - risk Yes borne by person or entity Yes



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